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- (b) Test data; general. This information may be recorded at any time between four hours prior to the test and four hours after the test.
  - (1) Engine-system combination.
  - (2) Engine identification numbers.
  - (3) Instrument operator.
  - (4) Engine operator.
- (5) Number of hours of operation accumulated on the engine prior to beginning the warm-up portion of the test.
- (6) Calibration date(s) of neutral density filters used to calibrate the smokemeter.
  - (c) Test data; pre-test.
  - (1) Date and time of day.
  - (2) Test number.
  - (3) Barometric pressure.
  - (4) [Reserved]
- (5) Intake air humidity and temperature:
- (i) Humidity-conditioned air supply. Air that has had its absolute humidity altered is considered humidity-conditioned air. For this type of intake air supply, the humidity measurement must be made within the intake air supply system, and after the humidity conditioning has taken place.
- (ii) Non-conditioned air supply. Humidity measurements in non-conditioned intake air supply systems must be made in the intake air stream entering the supply system and within 18 inches of the inlet for supply system. Alternatively, the humidity measurements can be measured within the intake air supply stream.
- (iii) Engine intake air temperature measurement must be made within 48 inches of the engine. The measurement location must be made either in the supply system or in the air stream entering the supply system.
- (d) Test data; modal. (1) Observed engine torque and speed during the steady-state test conditions specified in §86.884-7(a)(3)(i).
- (2) On the recorder or automatic data collection equipment: Identify zero traces—calibration traces—idle traces (or printout of the zero and calibration values)—closed-throttle trace-open throttle trace—acceleration and

lugdown test traces—start and finish of each test.

[48 FR 52203, Nov. 16, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 48141, Dec. 10, 1984; 62 FR 47123, Sept. 5, 1997; 70 FR 40437, July 13, 2005]

## §86.884-11 Instrument checks.

- (a) The smokemeter shall be checked according to the following procedure prior to each test:
  - (1) [Reserved]
- (2) The zero control shall be adjusted under conditions of "no smoke" to give a recorder or data collection equipment response of zero;
- (3) Calibrated neutral density filters having approximately 10, 20, and 40 percent opacity shall be employed to check the linearity of the instrument. The filter(s) shall be inserted in the light path perpendicular to the axis of the beam and adjacent to the opening from which the beam of light from the light source emanates, and the recorder response shall be noted. Filters with exposed filtering media should be checked for opacity every six months; all other filters shall be checked every year, using NBS or equivalent reference filters. Deviations in excess of 1 percent of the nominal opacity shall be corrected.
- (b) The instruments for measuring and recording engine rpm, engine torque, air inlet restrictions, exhaust system backpressure, throttle position, etc., which are used in the test prescribed herein, shall be calibrated in accordance with good engineering practice

[48 FR 52203, Nov. 16, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 48141, Dec. 10, 1984]

## §86.884-12 Test run.

(a) The temperature of the air supplied to the engine shall be between 68 °F and 86 °F. The engine fuel inlet temperature shall be 100 °F ±10 °F and shall be measured at a point specified by the manufacturer. The observed barometric pressure shall be between 28.5 inches and 31 inches Hg. Higher air temperature or lower barometric pressure may be used, if desired, but no allowance will be made for possible increased smoke emissions because of such conditions.